

JavaCC

TokenManager Mini-Tutorial

Lexical States

- The JavaCC lexical specification is organized into a set of "lexical states"
- Each lexical state is named with an identifier
- There is a standard lexical state called DEFAULT
- Each lexical state contains an ordered list of regular expressions
- The token manager is in exactly one state at any moment and it only considers the regular expressions defined in this state for matching purposes

A token is matched as follows

- All regular expressions in the current lexical state are considered as **potential match candidates**.
- The token manager consumes the maximum number of characters from the input stream that match one of these regular expressions (**the longest possible match**)
- If there are multiple longest matches (of the same length), the regular expression that is matched is the one with the **earliest order of occurrence** in the grammar file
- After a match, one can specify **an action to be executed** as well as a new **lexical state to move to**.
- If a new lexical state is not specified, the token manager remains in the current state.

Regular expression kind

The regular expression kind specifies what to do when a regular expression has been successfully matched:

- **SKIP**: simply throw away the matched string (after executing any lexical action)
- **MORE**: continue (to whatever the next state is) taking the matched string along. This string will be a prefix of the new matched string.
- **TOKEN**: create a token using the matched string and send it to the parser (or any caller).
- **SPECIAL_TOKEN**: are like tokens, but they do not have significance during parsing. However, they are still passed on to the parser so that **parser actions can access them**. Special tokens are passed to the parser by linking them to neighbouring real tokens using the field "specialToken" in the Token class.

MORE: an example

<DEFAULT>

MORE : { "a" : S1 }

<S1>

MORE :

{

 "b" : S2

}

<S2> TOKEN :

{

 "cd" : DEFAULT

}

SPECIAL TOKEN: an example

<DEFAULT>

SPECIAL_TOKEN : { "/*" : WITHIN-COMMENT }

TOKEN: {"ab"}

<WITHIN-COMMENT>

SPECIAL_TOKEN : { "*/" : DEFAULT }

MORE :

{

<~[]>

}

/* bla bla */ ab

Variables/methods within lexical actions

- **StringBuffer image (READ/WRITE):** (different from the "image" field of the matched token) is a StringBuffer variable that contains all the characters that have been matched since the last SKIP, TOKEN, or SPECIAL_TOKEN
- **int lengthOfMatch (READ ONLY):** this is the length of the current match (is not cumulative over MORE's)
- **int curLexState (READ ONLY):** This is the index of the current lexical state.
- **InputStream (READ ONLY):** This is the input stream. The stream is currently at the last character consumed for this match.
- **Token matchedToken (READ/WRITE):** may only be used in actions associated with TOKEN and SPECIAL_TOKEN regular expressions. This is set to be the token that will be returned to the parser
- **void SwitchTo(int)**

Variable image: an example

<DEFAULT>

MORE : { "a" : S1 }

<S1>

MORE :

{

"b" {

int i = image.length()-1; ①

image.setCharAt(i, image.charAt(i).toUpperCase()); ②

} : S2

}

<S2> TOKEN :

{

"cd" : DEFAULT ③

}

Variable matchedToken: an example

<DEFAULT>

MORE : { "a" : S1 }

<S1>

MORE :

{

"b" {

int i = image.length()-1; ①

image.setCharAt(i, image.charAt(i).toUpperCase()); ②

} : S2

}

<S2> TOKEN :

{

"cd" {

matchedToken.image = image.toSstring();

}: DEFAULT ③

}

Mail Processing: lexical specification

TOKEN:

```
{  
  <#EOL: "\n" | "\r" | "\r\n">  
  |  
  <#TWOEOLS: <EOL> <EOL> >  
  |  
  <#NOT_EOL: ~["\n", "\r"]>  
}
```

<DEFAULT>

SKIP:

```
{  
  < <EOL> "*** EOOH ***" <EOL> > : MAILHEADER  
  |  
  <~[]>  
}
```

Mail Processing: lexical specification

```
<MAILHEADER>
SKIP:
{
  <HEADER_EOLS: <TWOEOLS>> : MAILBODY
  // We cannot have just a reference to a regular expression in a
  // lexical specification - we cannot simply have <TWOEOLS>.
  |
  "Subject: " : MAILSUBJECT
  |
  "From: " : MAILFROM
  |
  "Date: " : MAILDATE
  |
  <~[]>
}
```

Mail Processing: lexical specification

<MAILSUBJECT>

TOKEN:

```
{  
    <SUBJECT: ( <NOT_EOL> )+>  
}
```

<MAILSUBJECT>

SKIP:

```
{  
    <SUB_EOL: <EOL>> : MAILHEADER  
}
```

Mail Processing: lexical specification

<MAILFROM>

TOKEN:

{

<FROM: (<NOT_EOL>)+>

}

<MAILFROM>

SKIP:

{

<FROM_EOL: <EOL>> : MAILHEADER

}

Mail Processing: lexical specification

<MAILDATE>

TOKEN:

```
{  
    <DATE: ( <NOT_EOL> )+>  
}
```

<MAILDATE>

SKIP:

```
{  
    <DATE_EOL: <EOL>> : MAILHEADER  
}
```

Mail Processing: lexical specification

<MAILBODY>

TOKEN:

```
{
  <BODY: ( ~[ "\n" | "\r" | "\u001f" ])* <EOL>>
  |
  <END: "\u001f"> : DEFAULT
}
```